

# Rights Retention at the University of Edinburgh

**UNICA Scholarly Communications Webinar** 

**Dominic Tate** 

Head of Library Research Support
Deputy Director, Library & University Collections





The Library helps people to grow their knowledge and create new connections through open services, collections and environments, sparking ideas that change the world.





The Library's Research Support Team enables the University's transition to Open Science.



## What is Open Access?

Open access is a set of principles and a range of practices through which research outputs are distributed online, free of access charges or other barriers. Under some models of open access publishing, barriers to copying or reuse are also reduced or removed by applying an open license for copyright. Wikipedia



| Gold   | Green   |
|--------|---------|
| Hybrid | Diamond |



## UK Open Access Policies

- University of Edinburgh Research Publications Policy
- Medical Charity policies (Wellcome Trust, Cancer Research UK etc.)
- UKRI (seven disciplinary funding councils)
- EU Policies (FP7, Horizon 2020, Horizon Europe)
- Research Excellence Framework Policy (2016)



# The Journey to Rights Retention

- Authors stuck in the "Policy Stack" of complicated, sometimes conflicting institutional, funder and publisher policies.
- Using Harvard University rights retention model as inspiration
- Started with UK Scholarly Communications Licence work back in 2018 <a href="https://ukscl.ac.uk/">https://ukscl.ac.uk/</a>
- UKSCL work included some underpinning legal advice which we were able to share with University Legal Services department.



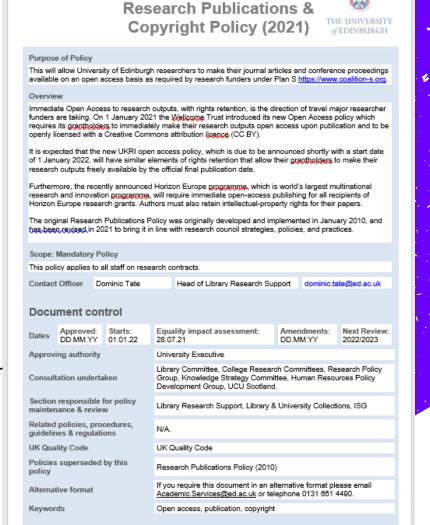
## The Journey to Rights Retention

- Support from a Solicitor with a solid understanding of scholarly communications and the problems in the marketplace for academic journals.
- Support from senior leadership in the University ("pushing at an open door").
- Consultation with various committees in 2020 and 2021, approval late 2021 with implementation from April 2022 (in line with UKRI implementation of Plan S).
- Prior Notification given to ca. 130 publishers by email and letter sent by recorded delivery.



## University Open Access Policy

- Confirms members of staff own the copyright to their scholarly works.
- Upon acceptance of publication each staff member grants the University of Edinburgh a CC BY licence to their publication
- Applies to all scholarly articles, authored or co-authored while the person is a staff member
- Deposit the AM in a digital repository, with article metadata available immediately upon deposit and the AM being made accessible to the public on the date of first online publication
- Opt out in case of difficulties
- Standard address convention (citations)
- Strongly encourages use of ORCID unique identifiers

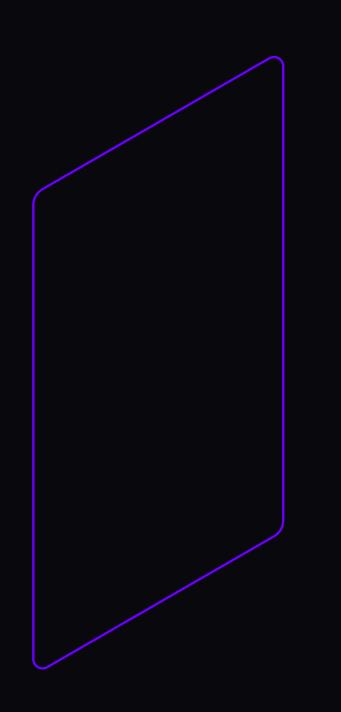




## Next Steps...

- Enhanced advocacy and outreach activities: this work must be viewed as ongoing.
- Stronger encouragement to include Rights Retention Statements (although his is not strictly necessary).
- Review of Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA) after year 1.
- Add to team capacity to provide further leadership/management capacity for the wider Open Science agenda.
- Consider whether to extend scope of policy after consultation on Open Access monographs.



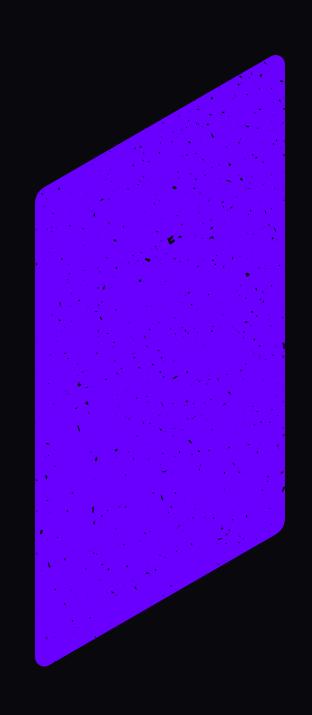




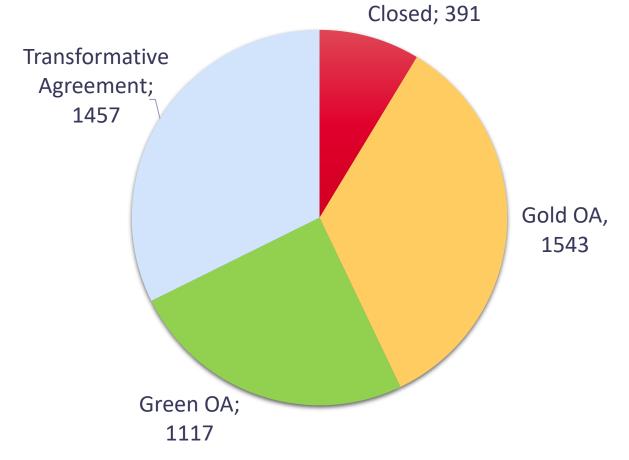








### UOE Open Access Publication Routes 2022/23



|         | #articles | Percentage |  |
|---------|-----------|------------|--|
| Closed  | 391       | 8.7%       |  |
| Gold    | 1543      | 34.2%      |  |
| OA      |           |            |  |
| Green   | 1117      | 24.8%      |  |
| OA      |           |            |  |
| Read &  | 1457      | 32.3%      |  |
| Publish |           |            |  |
| Grand   | 4508      | 100%       |  |
| Total   |           |            |  |



## Analysis of the 1<sup>st</sup> Full Year (22/23)

- The majority of our publications continue to be made OA via the Gold route or through transformative agreements with publishers. We no longer pay hybrid APCs.
- 25% of articles have been made OA via the Green route in our repository (1117 articles)
- Rights Retention Statements only appear in 197 articles.
- We have only received a handful of op-out requests.
- We have only dealt with one aggressive publisher (now pacified).
- Rights Retention has provided a useful safety-net, and has strengthened the University's position by giving authors more rights.



#### Rights Retention Statement included in papers

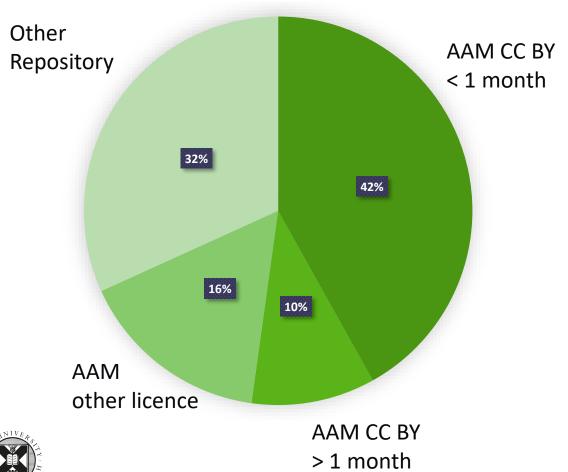
#### Acknowledgements

This research was funded by the UK Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council (EPSRC) grant EP/R005877/1. For the purpose of open access, the author has applied a Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) licence to any Author Accepted Manuscript version arising from this submission. We thank Kevin Stratford (EPCC) and James Young (University of Edinburgh) for their helpful comments during development of this wear model.

It is interesting to note that a Rights Retention Statement (RRS) was **only included in 197 articles (4.4%)** submitted and accepted for publication during the first year of the policy.



## Green OA: timing & licence types

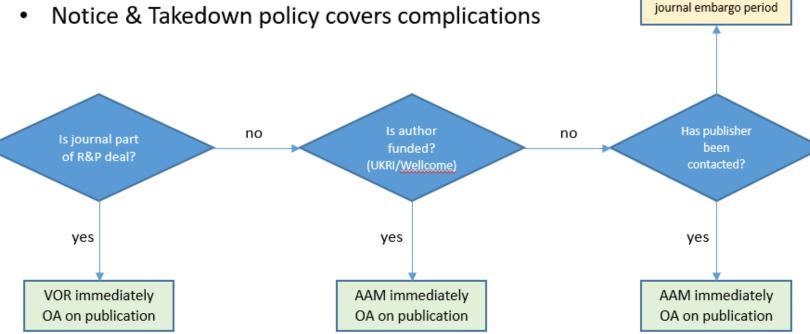


| Туре             | #    | %   |
|------------------|------|-----|
| AAM CC BY < 1    |      |     |
| month            | 468  | 42  |
| AAM CC BY > 1    |      |     |
| month            | 115  | 10  |
| AAM other        |      |     |
| licence          | 179  | 16  |
| Other Repository | 355  | 32  |
| Total Green OA   | 1117 | 100 |



#### Suggested UOE RRS process for Pure administrators

- Publication in subscription journals only
- First 6 months concentrate on funded research
- Fine to deviate from suggested process
- Notice & Takedown policy covers complications



Check acknowledgements section for AAM

Pure record created with

AAM attached

Does AAM

include RRS?

AAM immediately

OA on publication

yes

no

· Check Read & Publish journal list

- · Check acknowledgements section for funders, or
- Check Pure project/award affiliations

· Check publisher contact list on RON sharepoint

AAM released after